REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE PERRY COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE PERRY COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2009

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Perry County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information financial statements of Perry County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had net assets of \$11,972,148 as of June 30, 2009. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$3,158,586 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2009, with total net assets of \$11,972,148. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2009 of \$13,407,218 with \$493,770 due within the next year.

Report Comment:

2009-1 The Fiscal Court Should Ensure Accurate And Adequate Accounting Records Are Maintained

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Denny Ray Noble, Perry County Judge/Executive
Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Perry County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Perry County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Perry County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Perry County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the People of Kentucky
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Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Perry County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated August 10, 2010 on our consideration of Perry County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2009-1 The Fiscal Court Should Ensure Accurate And Adequate Accounting Records Are Maintained

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

August 10, 2010

PERRY COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

Fiscal Court Members:

Denny Ray Noble County Judge/Executive

James F. HurleyMagistrateBubby CombsMagistrateEarl BrashearMagistrate

Other Elected Officials:

John Carl Shackelford County Attorney

Johnny Blair Jailer

Haven King County Clerk

Roger Collins Circuit Court Clerk

Les Burgett Sheriff

John Frank Gross Property Valuation Administrator

Jimmy Maggard Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Lee Hillman County Treasurer

Joyce Napier Finance Officer



PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

	Primary Governmen			
	Go	vernmental		
		Activities		
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,378,509		
Total Current Assets		3,378,509		
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation				
Land and Land Improvements		2,730,802		
Buildings		13,406,482		
Vehicles and Equipment		1,729,044		
Infrastructure Assets - Net				
of Depreciation		4,134,529		
Total Noncurrent Assets		22,000,857		
Total Assets		25,379,366		
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Bonds Payable		330,000		
Financing Obligations Payable		288,770		
Total Current Liabilities		618,770		
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Bonds Payable		11,800,000		
Financing Obligations Payable		988,448		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		12,788,448		
Total Liabilities		13,407,218		
NIETE A CICERCI				
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets,		0.502.620		
Net of Related Debt		8,593,639		
Restricted For:		210.022		
Debt Service		219,923		
Unrestricted	Ф.	3,158,586		
Total Net Assets	\$	11,972,148		



PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Program Revenues Rece						
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	 Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 3,670,228	\$	428,622	\$	935,385	\$	1,626,185
Protection to Persons and Property	2,451,071		12,399		201,139		
General Health and Sanitation	974,015		1,592				
Social Services	304,915				275,581		
Recreation and Culture	152,152		20,623				
Roads	436,886				3,113,097		
Debt Service	819,723						
Capital Projects	 5,200						
Total Governmental Activities	8,814,190		463,236		4,525,202		1,626,185

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes Personal Property Taxes

Motor Vehicle Taxes

Other Taxes

Excess Fees

Miscellaneous Revenues

Accrued Interest Received

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets					
Prima	ry Government				
Gov	vernmental				
	Activities				
\$	(680,036)				
	(2,237,533)				
	(972,423)				
	(29,334)				
	(131,529)				
	2,676,211				
	(819,723)				
	(5,200)				
	(2,199,567)				
	688,065				
	216,545				
	244,077				
	456,048				
	132,090				
	5,368,024				
	15,028				
-	15,526				
	7,119,877				
	4,920,310				
	7,051,838				

11,972,148



PERRY COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

PERRY COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

						Coa	l Severance
	(General	Road	Jail	LGEA	Spec	ial Projects
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund
ASSETS							_
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	625,784	\$ 1,145,211	\$ 18,640	\$ 437,529	\$	866,370
Total Assets	_	625,784	 1,145,211	 18,640	 437,529	- 	866,370
FUND BALANCES							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances		818	48,027		275		
Unreserved:							
General Fund		624,966					
Special Revenue Funds			1,097,184	18,640	437,254		866,370
Debt Service Fund				 			
Total Fund Balances	\$	625,784	\$ 1,145,211	\$ 18,640	\$ 437,529	\$	866,370

PERRY COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund		Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	205,739	\$ 79,236	\$	3,378,509		
	205,739	79,236		3,378,509		
		224		49,344		
				624,966		
		64,828		2,484,276		
	205,739	14,184		219,923		
\$	205,739	\$ 79,236	\$	3,378,509		

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Changes In Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$	3,378,509
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement		
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:		
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources		
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.		30,519,568
Depreciation		(8,518,711)
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not		
reported in the funds.		
Financing Obligations		(1,277,218)
Bonded Debt	((12,130,000)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$	11,972,148



PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General Fund	 Road Fund	 Jail Fund	 LGEA Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,577,018	\$	\$	\$
In Lieu Tax Payments	3,536	6,089		
Excess Fees	132,088			
Licenses and Permits	407,800			
Intergovernmental	484,039	1,469,026	85,811	2,516,492
Charges for Services	20,065			20,623
Miscellaneous	1,397,949	844,944	48,348	807,123
Interest	1,588	2,748	468	6,720
Total Revenues	4,024,083	2,322,807	 134,627	3,350,958
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	1,386,115			156,189
Protection to Persons and Property	12,404		1,824,875	283,503
General Health and Sanitation	25,932		,- ,	273,864
Social Services	34,441			196,380
Recreation and Culture	- ,			146,913
Roads		1,149,789		912,530
Debt Service		1,184,349		,
Capital Projects		, ,		5,200
Administration	1,162,358	135,338	115,483	469,405
Total Expenditures	2,621,250	2,469,476	1,940,358	2,443,984
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	1,402,833	(146,669)	(1,805,731)	906,974
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Bond Issuance				
Payment to Escrow Agent				
Bond Issuance Fees				
Transfers From Other Funds	521,637	1,518,467	1,872,853	1,720,213
Transfers To Other Funds	(1,542,406)	(276,373)	(120,769)	(2,895,156)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,020,769)	 1,242,094	 1,752,084	 (1,174,943)
Total Other I maneing Sources (OSES)	 (1,020,707)	 1,272,077	1,732,004	(1,1/4,/43)
Net Change in Fund Balances	382,064	1,095,425	(53,647)	(267,969)
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	 243,720	 49,786	 72,287	 705,498
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 625,784	\$ 1,145,211	\$ 18,640	\$ 437,529

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Coal Severance Special Projects Fund	Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	\$	\$ 318,753	\$ 1,895,771 9,625 132,088	
1,293,981	90,000	584,283	407,800 6,523,632 40,688	
1,326,819 1,706 2,622,506	1,105 91,105	284,685 694 1,188,415	4,709,868 - 15,029 13,734,501	
696,154 74,094	71,100	423,754	1,542,304 2,544,536 995,950 304,915 146,913	
	517,529	643,019	2,062,319 2,344,897 5,200	
51,403	930	65,161	2,000,078	
821,651	518,459	1,131,934	11,947,112	
1,800,855	1,910,000 (1,790,000) (46,630)	56,481	1,787,389 1,910,000 (1,790,000) (46,630)	
482,317	470,251	10,000	6,595,738	
(1,605,498)	170,231	(155,536)	(6,595,738)	
(1,123,181)	543,621	(145,536)	73,370	
677,674	116,267	(89,055)	1,860,759	
188,696	89,472	168,291	1,517,750	
\$ 866,370	\$ 205,739	\$ 79,236	\$ 3,378,509	



PERRY COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

PERRY COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,860,759
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of		
Activities are different because Governmental Funds report		
capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of		
Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlay		3,981,131
Depreciation Expense		(2,302,113)
Disposal of Asset		(24,641)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, financing obligations) provides		
current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal		
on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental		
Funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.		
Bond Issuance		(1,910,000)
Payment to Escrow Agent		1,790,000
Lease and bond principal payments are expensed in the Governmental Funds		
as a use of current financial resources.		
Financing Obligations Principal Amount		170,174
Bond Payments		1,355,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	4,920,310

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PERRY COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Perry County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. The county has no discretely presented component units..

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Perry County Justice Center Corporation

The Perry County Fiscal Court appoints a voting majority of the Justice Center Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Justice Center Corporation. Financial information for the Justice Center is blended with Perry County's financial statements. All activities of the Justice Center Corporation are accounted for as a non-major fund of the primary government.

Perry County Public Properties Corporation

The Perry County Fiscal Court appoints a voting majority of the Public Properties Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Public Properties Corporation. Financial information for the Public Properties Corporation is blended with Perry County's financial statements. Activities of the Public Properties Corporation are accounted for as a major fund and a non-major fund of the primary government.

C. Perry County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Perry County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Perry County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The primary government reports governmental activities using the economic resources measurement focus and modified cash basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when received and expenses are recognized when paid with the exception of depreciation expense on the statement of activities.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the county. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally, and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale on April 30th, following the delinquency date.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Governmental Funds

All governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance (LGEA) Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for funds earmarked for economic development. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are from the state. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the general fund.

Coal Severance Special Projects Fund – The purpose of this fund is to assist community development and infrastructure throughout Perry County. The source of revenue is coal severance tax revenue. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to report and budget these receipts and expenditures.

Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund – The purpose of this fund is to pay long-term debt service obligations incurred. The Department for Local Government does not require the fiscal court to report or budget these funds.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Area Development Fund, Perry County Emergency Fund, Forestry Fund, E-911 Fund, KREDA Fund, Public Properties Fund, CDBG Fund, and the Justice Center Corporation Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Coal Severance Special Projects Fund, Area Development Fund, Perry County Emergency Fund, Forestry Fund, E-911 Fund, and the KREDA Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Fund:

The CDBG Fund is presented as a capital projects fund. Capital projects funds are to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund:

The Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund, Public Properties Corporation Fund and the Justice Center Corporation Fund are presented as debt service funds. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capitalization		Useful Life	
	Threshold		(Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	5-15	
Office Furniture and Equipment	\$	500	3-5	
Vehicles	\$	5,000	5-7	
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	2-5	

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government and component units maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirement of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2009, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity						
Primary Government:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance			
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 2,730,802	\$	\$	\$ 2,730,802			
Total Capital Assets Not Being	2 720 002			2 720 002			
Depreciated	2,730,802			2,730,802			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings	15,705,728			15,705,728			
Vehicles and Equipment	2,861,202	431,020	(99,204)	3,193,018			
Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being	5,339,909	3,550,111		8,890,020			
Depreciated	23,906,839	3,981,131	(99,204)	27,788,766			
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings	(2,120,034)	(179,212)		(2,299,246)			
Vehicles and Equipment	(1,303,665)	(234,872)	74,563	(1,463,974)			
Infrastructure	(2,867,462)	(1,888,029)		(4,755,491)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,291,161)	(2,302,113)	74,563	(8,518,711)			
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated, Net	17,615,678	1,679,018	(24,641)	19,270,055			
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 20,346,480	\$ 1,679,018	\$ (24,641)	\$ 22,000,857			

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 138,376
Protection to Persons and Property	147,836
General Health and Sanitation	2,830
Recreation and Culture	5,239
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 2,007,832
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,302,113

Note 4. Long-Term Debt

A. Perry County Detention Center Bond

In December 2001, the Perry County Fiscal Court issued \$6,115,000 in General Obligation Public Project Bonds to provide long-term financing the Perry County Detention Center. The proceeds were used to pay off three bond anticipation notes, which were used for the construction of the Perry County Detention Center. These bonds were scheduled to mature in June 2027 and have a variable interest rate of 2.0 to 5.0%. Semiannual interest payments are required in June and December and the principal amount is due each December.

On November 5, 2007, the Perry County Fiscal Court issued \$4,975,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 for the purpose of advance refunding the Detention Center Bonds. The bond proceeds are set in an escrow account and will defease this bond on December 1, 2010.

B. General Obligation Road Improvement Bond

In October 2005, the Perry County Fiscal Court issued \$1,030,000 in General Obligation Public Project Bonds to provide financing for the improvement of county roads. The bonds were originally scheduled to mature in April 2016 and have a variable interest rate of 3.0% to 3.6%. Semiannual interest payments are required in April and October and the principal amount is due each October.

In October 2006 the Perry County Fiscal Court received coal severance funds and in December 2006 deposited \$962,784.68 of the funds into Central Bank & Trust Road Improvement Bond Account. Per the bond agreement, the bonds cannot be paid off before February 1, 2010. Huntington National Bank is now holding \$1,790,000 of funds in escrow and making the required interest and principal payments from the escrowed funds until the optional redemption date. No further requirements are required from the fiscal court.

C. KADD Lease – Land Purchased and Demolition

On July 1, 2000, the Perry County Kentucky Justice Center Corporation entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District, on behalf of the Administrative Office of Courts, for phase one of the Justice Center Project. These funds were for the purchase of property and the demolition of an existing building for the Justice Center Project.

On May 13, 2009, the Perry County Fiscal Court entered into a capital lease agreement for the amount of \$1,910,000. The purpose of this lease was to refinance the old lease. Per the bond agreement, the bonds cannot be paid off before April 1, 2010. Huntington National Bank is holding the funds in escrow and making the required interest and principal payments from the escrowed funds until the optional redemption date. No further requirements are required from the fiscal court.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. Perry County Justice Center Bond (Phase 2)

In April 2002, the Perry County Justice Center Corporation issued bonds in order to construct the Perry County Justice Center. On the same day, the Perry County Justice Center Corporation, Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC), and the county entered into a use and sublease agreement for the purpose of obtaining office rental space for the AOC at the Justice Center.

The Perry County Justice Center Corporation and the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust are acting as an agent for the Administrative Office of the Courts in order to plan, design, construct, manage and maintain the Justice Building. The Perry County Justice Center Corporation and the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust expect annual rentals for use of the Justice Building to be in the full amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of the bonds. Under the terms of the use and sublease agreement, the Administrative Office of the Courts has agreed to pay directly to the paying agent bank, the use allowance payment as provided in the use and sublease agreement. The use and sublease agreement is renewable each year. The Perry County Justice Center Corporation and the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust are in reliance upon the use allowance payment in order to meet the debt service for the bonds.

The Administrative Office of the Courts with the execution of the use and sublease agreement has expressed its intention to continue to pay the full use allowance payment in each successive biennial budget period until June 1, 2023, but the use and sublease agreement does not legally obligate the Administrative Office of Courts to do so. As of June 30, 2009, the principle balance outstanding was \$4,855,000. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		S	Scheduled
June 30		Interest		Principal
2010	\$	219,013	\$	260,000
2011		207,945		270,000
2012		196,118		280,000
2013	183,575			290,000
2014	170,184			305,000
2015-2019		622,328		1,740,000
2020-2023	168,960			1,710,000
Totals	\$	1,768,123	\$	4,855,000

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

E. General Obligation Road Improvement Bond Series 2007

In August 2007, the Perry County Fiscal Court issued \$1,040,000 in General Obligation Road Improvement Notes to provide financing for the improvement of county roads. The bonds are scheduled to mature in August 2010 and have an interest rate of 4.0%. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the fiscal court paid the principal balance outstanding of \$1,040,000. No further requirements are due.

F. KADD 2006 230O Road Improvement Bond

In October 2006, the Perry County Fiscal Court issued \$495,000 in General Obligation Road Improvement Notes to provide financing for the improvement of county roads. The bonds are scheduled to mature in November 2016 and have a variable interest rate of 4.0% to 4.5%. Semiannual interest payments are required in May and November and the principal amount is due each November. As of June 30, 2009, the principal balance outstanding was \$415,000. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Scheduled	
June 30	I	nterest	F	Principal
2010	\$	17,450	\$	45,000
2011		15,515		45,000
2012		13,425		50,000
2013		11,225		50,000
2014		8,888		55,000
2015-2017		11,700		170,000
Totals	\$	78,203	\$	415,000

G. KADD Lease - Cintas

On May 14, 1998, the county entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District Financing Trust for the purpose of refinancing a bank note. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a 20-year repayment schedule with semiannual interest payments and annual principal payments. As of June 30, 2009, the principal balance outstanding was \$1,115,000. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Scheduled	
June 30]	Interest]	Principal
2010	\$	63,538	\$	100,000
2011		58,038		105,000
2012		52,263		110,000
2013		46,213		115,000
2014		39,888		120,000
2015-2018	85,663			565,000
Totals	\$	345,603	\$	1,115,000

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

H. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007

In November 2007, the Perry County Fiscal Court issued \$4,975,000 in General Obligation Bonds to refund the Perry County Detention Center Bond from December 2001. The bonds are scheduled to mature in December 2026 and have an interest rate of 3.85%. Semiannual interest payments are required in June and December with principal amount due each December. As of June 30, 2009, the principal balance outstanding was \$4,950,000. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled	Scheduled
June 30	Interest	Principal
2010	\$ 190,094	\$ 25,000
2011	189,13	1 25,000
2012	184,319	9 225,000
2013	175,36	8 240,000
2014	166,12	8 240,000
2015-2019	679,910	0 1,370,000
2020-2024	388,369	9 1,665,000
2025-2027	67,95	3 1,160,000
Totals	\$ 2,041,27	1 \$ 4,950,000

I. KADD 2009 Land Purchased and Demolition Refinancing Note

On May 13, 2009, Perry County Kentucky Justice Center Corporation entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District, on behalf of the Administrative Office of Courts, for the purpose of refinancing a prior debt issue. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a 12-year repayment schedule with semiannual interest payments and annual principal payments.

The Perry County Justice Center Corporation and the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust are acting as an agent for the Administrative Office of the Courts in order to plan, design, construct, manage and maintain the Justice Building. The Perry County Justice Center Corporation and the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust expect annual rentals for use of the Justice Building to be in the full amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of this KADD lease. Under the terms of an additional use and sublease agreement, the Administrative Office of the Courts has agreed to pay directly to the paying agent bank, the use allowance payment as provided in the use and sublease agreement. The use and sublease agreement is renewable each year. The Perry County Justice Center Corporation and the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust are in reliance upon the use allowance payment in order to meet the debt service for the KADD lease.

The use allowance payment has commenced prior to the occupancy of the Justice Building by the Administrative Office of the Courts. The Administrative Office of the Courts with the execution of the use and sublease agreement has expressed its intention to continue to pay the full use allowance payment in each successive biennial budget period until May 2018, but the use and sublease agreement does not legally obligate the Administrative Office of the Courts to do so.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

I. KADD 2009 Land Purchased and Demolition Refinancing Note (Continued)

As of June 30, 2009, the principal balance outstanding was \$1,910,000. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		S	scheduled
June 30]	Interest]	Principal
2010	\$	63,722	\$	125,000
2011		59,225		130,000
2012		57,043		130,000
2013		54,335		135,000
2014		51,253		135,000
2015-2019		193,622		745,000
2020-2022	49,134			510,000
Totals	\$	528,334	\$	1,910,000

J. KACO Leasing Trust - Vehicles

Perry County financed a purchase through the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust for vehicles. As of June 30, 2009, the principal balance outstanding was paid in full.

K. KACO Leasing Trust - Trucks

On July 27, 2007, the Perry County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties in the amount of \$152,141 for the purchase of trucks. The agreement requires variable monthly payments for 41 months to be paid in full January 20, 2011 with an interest rate of 4.21%. The principal balance of the agreement is \$82,142 as of June 30, 2009. Lease payments for the remaining years are:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Scheduled			
June 30	Interest		Interest		P	rincipal
2010	\$	2,539	\$	40,000		
2011		1,151		42,143		
Totals	\$	3,690	\$	82,143		

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

L. KACO Leasing Trust - Excavator

On November 5, 2007, the Perry County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties in the amount of \$76,682 for the purchase of an excavator. The agreement requires variable monthly payments for 60 months to be paid in full November 20, 2012 with an interest rate of 4.21%. The principal balance of the agreement is \$56,571 as of June 30, 2009. Lease payments for the remaining years are:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Scheduled	
June 30	Ir	nterest	P	rincipal
2010	\$	2,104	\$	15,388
2011		1,617		16,306
2012		939		17,335
2013		172		7,542
Totals	\$	4,832	\$	56,571

M. KACO Leasing Trust - Excavator

On March 11, 2008, the Perry County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties in the amount of \$33,723 for the purchase of vehicles. The agreement requires variable monthly payments for 48 months to be paid in full March 20, 2012 with an interest rate of 3.959%. The principal balance of the agreement is \$23,504 as of June 30, 2009. Lease payments for the remaining years are:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Scheduled	
June 30	Interest		P	rincipal
2010	\$	769	\$	8,382
2011		594		8,569
2012		1,614		6,553
Totals	\$	2,977	\$	23,504

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

N. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
C1 Ol-1'4' D4-	¢ < 470,000	¢ 1 010 000	¢1 105 000	¢ 7.275.000	¢ 70.000
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 6,470,000	\$ 1,910,000	\$1,105,000	\$ 7,275,000	\$ 70,000
Revenue Bonds	5,105,000		250,000	4,855,000	260,000
Financing Obligations	3,237,392		1,960,174	1,277,218	288,770
Governmental Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 14,812,392	\$ 1,910,000	\$ 3,315,174	\$13,407,218	\$ 618,770

Note 5. Interest on Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$481,089 in interest on financing obligations and \$75,868 in interest on bonds and notes.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.50 percent.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 29.50 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must met the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 7. Deferred Compensation

The Perry County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 105 Sea Hero Road, Suite 1, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 8. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, Perry County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 9. Prior Period Adjustments

The beginning net asset balance as of June 30, 2009 for governmental activities of Perry County Fiscal Court has been restated. We have made adjustments to correct prior year debt items that were recorded improperly. Also, we have removed the cash balance of a bond account that was escrowed in the prior year. The following is a reconciliation of net assets as of June 30, 2008 as previously reported to the restated net assets balance for the same period.

	Governmental Activities
Beginning Net Assets	\$ 7,696,884
Adjustments:	
KACo #5 Vehicles Balance	59
KACo #6 Trucks Balance	(71,380)
KACo #7 Excavator Balance	(117,142)
KACo #8 Vehicles Balance	855,000
2005 Road Bond Balance	(17,168)
Capital Asset Adjustment	(428,245)
2005 Bond Debt Service Account Cash	(866,845)
2007 Escrow Account Cash	(66)
PY Cash Adjustment to Debt Service Accounts	741
Restated beginning balance	\$ 7,051,838

PERRY COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

PERRY COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	GENERAL FUND							
	Budgete Original	ed Amo	unts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
REVENUES	Original		Tillal		Dasis)		regative)	
Taxes	\$ 1,597,846	5 \$	1,597,846	\$	1,577,018	\$	(20,828)	
In Lieu Tax Payments	-,-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,,-,	_	3,536	_	3,536	
Excess Fees	93,558	3	93,558		132,088		38,530	
Licenses and Permits	402,000		402,000		407,800		5,800	
Intergovernmental Revenue	818,500		818,500		484,039		(334,461)	
Charges for Services	39,500)	39,500		20,065		(19,435)	
Miscellaneous	57,200)	57,200		1,397,949		1,340,749	
Interest	1,500)	1,500		1,588		88	
Total Revenues	3,010,104	1	3,010,104		4,024,083		1,013,979	
EXPENDITURES								
General Government	1,606,367	7	1,690,301		1,386,115		304,186	
Protection to Persons and Property	16,500		19,700		12,404		7,296	
General Health and Sanitation	70,000)	42,760		25,932		16,828	
Social Services	64,600)	52,101		34,441		17,660	
Administration	1,351,326	5	1,378,931		1,162,358		216,573	
Total Expenditures	3,108,793	3	3,183,793	_	2,621,250		562,543	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)	(98,689)	(173,689)		1,402,833		1,576,522	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds					521,637		521,637	
Transfers To Other Funds	(201,311		(201,311)		(1,542,406)		(1,341,095)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(201,311	<u> </u>	(201,311)		(1,020,769)	-	(819,458)	
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(300,000))	(375,000)		382,064		757,064	
Fund Balance - Beginning	300,000)	300,000		243,720		(56,280)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ (\$	(75,000)	\$	625,784	\$	700,784	

	ROAD FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES						_		_
In Lieu Tax Payments	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	6,089	\$	1,089
Intergovernmental Revenue		1,356,331		1,356,331		1,469,026		112,695
Miscellaneous		51,000		51,000		844,944		793,944
Interest		3,000		3,000		2,748		(252)
Total Revenues		1,415,331		1,415,331		2,322,807		907,476
EXPENDITURES								
Roads		1,362,862		1,331,287		1,149,789		181,498
Debt Service		90,570		1,619,075		1,184,349		434,726
Administration		261,899		164,969		135,338		29,631
Total Expenditures		1,715,331		3,115,331		2,469,476		645,855
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(300,000)		(1,700,000)		(146,669)		1,553,331
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds						1,518,467		1,518,467
Transfers To Other Funds						(276,373)		(276,373)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						1,242,094		1,242,094
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(300,000)		(1,700,000)		1,095,425		2,795,425
Fund Balance - Beginning		300,000		300,000		49,786		(250,214)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(1,400,000)	\$	1,145,211	\$	2,545,211

			JAII	L FUI	ND		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		iance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
REVENUES		<u> </u>			24010)		(oguer, o)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	131,513	\$ 131,513	\$	85,811	\$	(45,702)
Miscellaneous		2,000	2,000		48,348		46,348
Interest		300	 300		468		168
Total Revenues		133,813	133,813		134,627		814
EXPENDITURES							
Protection to Persons and Property		1,907,931	1,952,336		1,824,875		127,461
Debt Service		216,057	166,652		, ,		166,652
Administration		114,600	119,600		115,483		4,117
Total Expenditures		2,238,588	2,238,588		1,940,358		298,230
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,104,775)	 (2,104,775)		(1,805,731)		299,044
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds		2,089,775	2,089,775		1,872,853		(216,922)
Transfers To Other Funds		2,000,770	= ,00>,770		(120,769)		(120,769)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,089,775	2,089,775		1,752,084		(337,691)
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(15,000)	(15,000)		(53,647)		(38,647)
Fund Balance - Beginning		15,000	 15,000		72,287		57,287
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	18,640	\$	18,640

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

		JCIE GO	<u> </u>	THE TENT	0110111	C 110010	1111	<u>eli ci ib</u>
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Amo (Budg	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)	
REVENUES								
Licenses and Permits	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$		\$	(50,000)
Intergovernmental Revenue	3	3,334,500		3,334,500	2,5	16,492		(818,008)
Charges for Services		15,000		15,000		20,623		5,623
Miscellaneous		39,500		39,500	8	07,123		767,623
Interest		6,000		6,000		6,720		720
Total Revenues		3,445,000		3,445,000	3,3	50,958		(94,042)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government					1	56,189		(156,189)
Protection to Persons and Property		156,452		299,134	2	83,503		15,631
General Health and Sanitation		145,328		314,968	2	73,864		41,104
Social Services		132,000		204,321	1	96,380		7,941
Recreation and Culture		193,235		218,235	1	46,913		71,322
Roads		610,000		1,099,500	9	12,530		186,970
Debt Service		15,000		201,189				201,189
Capital Projects		6,000		6,000		5,200		800
Administration		1,098,520		538,189	4	69,405		68,784
Total Expenditures		2,356,535		2,881,536	2,4	43,984		437,552
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		1,088,465		563,464	9	06,974		343,510
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds					1,7	20,213		1,720,213
Transfers To Other Funds	(1,888,465)		(1,888,465)	(2,8	95,156)		(1,006,691)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,888,465)		(1,888,465)	(1,1	74,943)		713,522
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(800,000)		(1,325,001)	(2	(67,969)		1,057,032
Fund Balances - Beginning		800,000		800,000		05,498		(94,502)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	(525,001)	\$ 4	37,529	\$	962,530

	 C	oal S	Severance S	pecia	Coal Severance Special Projects Fund								
	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fi	nriance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)						
REVENUES	 Originar		1 III ai		Dasis)		(Negative)						
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 3,052,000	\$	3,052,000	\$	1,293,981	\$	(1,758,019)						
Miscellaneous Revenues					1,326,819		1,326,819						
Interest	 1,500		1,500		1,706		206						
Total Revenues	 3,053,500		3,053,500		2,622,506		(430,994)						
EXPENDITURES													
General Government	3,203,500		2,166,608				2,166,608						
General Health and Sanitation			776,500		696,154		80,346						
Social Services			74,392		74,094		298						
Administration	 		111,000		51,403		59,597						
Total Expenditures	 3,203,500		3,128,500		821,651		2,306,849						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other													
Financing Sources (Uses)	 (150,000)		(75,000)		1,800,855		1,875,855						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers From Other Funds					482,317		482,317						
Transfers To Other Funds					(1,605,498)		(1,605,498)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 				(1,123,181)		(1,123,181)						
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(150,000)		(75,000)		677,674		752,674						
Fund Balances - Beginning	 150,000		150,000		188,696		38,696						
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$	75,000	\$	866,370	\$	791,370						

PERRY COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2009

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

PERRY COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2009

PERRY COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2009

	Area Perry County									
	Development		Em	Emergency		Forestry		E-911		REDA
		Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,523	\$	16,567	\$	5,781	\$	40,179	\$	
Total Assets		2,523		16,567		5,781		40,179		0
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved:										
Encumbrances								224		
Unreserved:										
Debt Service										
Special Revenue Funds		2,523		16,567		5,781		39,955		
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,523	\$	16,567	\$	5,781	\$	40,179	\$	0

PERRY COUNTY
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
Other Supplementary Information
June 30, 2009
(Continued)

Public Properties Fund		CDBG Fund		Cor	ustice Center poration Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds			
\$	14,184	\$	2	\$		\$	79,236		
	14,184		2		0		79,236		
							224		
	14,184						14,184		
			2				64,828		
\$	14,184	\$	2	\$	0	\$	79,236		



PERRY COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

PERRY COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Area	P	Perry County			
	Dev	elopment		Emergency	Fo	restry	E-911
		Fund		Fund		Fund	 Fund
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$		\$		\$	71	\$ 318,682
Intergovernmental				1,345			101,728
Miscellaneous				9,104			
Interest		12				23	329
Total Revenues		12		10,449		94	420,739
EXPENDITURES							
Protection to Persons and Property							423,754
Debt Service							
Administration							63,138
Total Expenditures							486,892
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures		12		10,449		94	 (66,153)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds							
Transfers To Other Funds		(26,729)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(26,729)					
Net Change in Fund Balances		(26,717)		10,449		94	(66,153)
Fund Balances - Beginning		29,240		6,118		5,687	106,332
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,523	\$	16,567	\$	5,781	\$ 40,179

PERRY COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

	Public		Justice Center	Total Non-Major
KREDA	Properties	CDBG	Corporation	Governmental
Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 318,753
			481,210	584,283
275,581				284,685
246	57		27	694
275,827	57		481,237	1,188,415
				423,754
163,801			479,218	643,019
			2,023	65,161
163,801			481,241	1,131,934
112,026	57		(4)	56,481
10,000				10,000
(128,807)				(155,536)
(118,807)				(145,536)
(6,781)	57		(4)	(89,055)
6,781	14,127	2		168,291
\$ 0	\$ 14,184	\$ 2	\$ 0	\$ 79,236



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable Denny Ray Noble, Perry County Judge/Executive Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Perry County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated August 10, 2010. Perry County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Perry County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Perry County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Perry County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying comment and recommendation as item 2009-1 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

<u>Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</u> (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the significant deficiency described above to be a material weakness.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Perry County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The Perry County Judge/Executive's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying comment and recommendation. We did not audit the County Judge/Executive's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

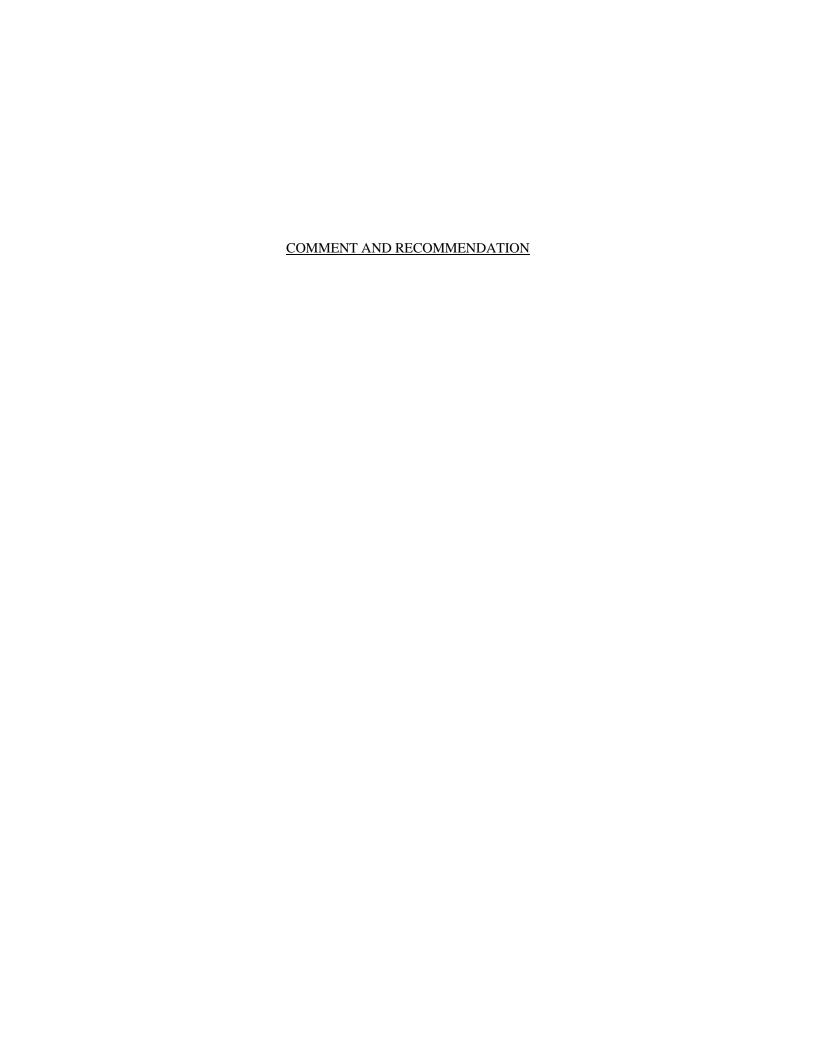
This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

August 10, 2010



PERRY COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

June 30, 2009

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

2009-1 The Fiscal Court Should Ensure Accurate And Adequate Accounting Records Are Maintained

On October 12, 2009, auditors began the fiscal court's audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. After work had started it was determined that the fourth quarter financial statement did not agree to bank records, the receipt and disbursement ledgers were not accurate nor complete and adequate documentation was not maintained on all of the county's debt. At this time the fiscal court was given additional time to correct all of the errors on the fourth quarter financial statement, to prepare complete receipts and disbursements ledgers, to obtain information on all debt, and to prepare financial statements for the debt service accounts. On January 4, 2010, the fiscal court appointed a new treasurer. The new treasurer prepared new ledgers and a new financial statement and obtained debt service financial statements and records.

After allowing the fiscal court the additional time to correct the issues, the audit resumed on March 23, 2010. However, the fiscal court still did not have all of the records or information on the county's debt and the transfers in and transfers out on the fourth quarter report did not agree. Auditor's determined that the fiscal court refinanced a lease that had not been disclosed and still did not have all of the bank account information on this debt. In addition, it was determined that numerous mistakes had occurred with payroll.

The fiscal court's review process of financial records should have detected that the former treasurer's records were incorrect. The fiscal court was presented with monthly treasurer reports and each was accepted. However, none of the errors were detected. The finance officer could have compared her appropriation ledger totals to the treasurer's report and another employee could have reviewed the bank reconciliations. In order for the controls that are in place to work, the fiscal court must strictly adhere to the processes required by the Department for Local Government and also the processes that management has in place.

We recommend that the fiscal court strengthen the process of reviewing the treasurer's financial records to ensure that they are accurate and complete. Furthermore, we recommend that the fiscal court obtain and file all records of current debt and any future debt that is incurred.

County Judge/Executive's Response: Once I was made aware of the records being incorrect, immediate action was taken. A new Treasurer was appointed and the bookkeeping errors were corrected. We are in the process of implementing procedures that will detect any discrepancies in our financial reporting.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

PERRY COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

PERRY COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The Perry County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Denny Ray Noble

County Judge/Executive